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No. 1018.

Containing the freshest Advices, Foreign and Domestic.

MONDAY, October 17, 1774.

Hondon last Capt. Calahan, *arrived at Salem in 7 Weeks from London, by whom we have the following Advices.*

VIENNA, August 3.

THIS Day at Noon a Courier arrived here with the News of Peace between Russia and the Porte having been concluded on the 17th of July, at the Head Quarters at Buyak Canarochi, and signed, on the Part of their respective Sovereigns, by Marshal Count Romanzow, and Achmed Effendi, Chiaga to the Grand Vizir. *(London Gazette.)*

LONDON.

Aug. 8. *A Correspondent says, the solemn League and Covenant entered into by the Bostonians, is little better than quarrelling with their Bread and Butter; for, when they agree to withhold all commercial Intercourse with Great-Britain, they in Effect say, we will not for the future eat or drink, and, as long as we live, we will go naked; they cannot be ignorant, however they may boast, that every Article of Life has been procured by them from England or other Nations; their Port being blocked up will prevent their smuggling, and they may be sure a strict Watch will be kept by the government at Boston to prevent any Intercourse between that People and other Nations, so that the Natives will have nothing to swallow but the Covenant, and nothing to cover them but the Paper which contains the Form; unless their proud Stomachs come down, and the stubborn Child will take its Bread and Butter from Mamma. It is to be wished too, the naughty covenanting Child is not making a Rod for its own Breech; if the Bostonians find a Precedent for a solemn League and Covenant in the last Century, they must recollect it was during the Time of a Civil War, and would have been considered and punished as Treason, had the Law and Constitution of this Country been at that Time in full Vigour. Our Correspondent has admired, he says, the Spirit of Freedom which has hitherto appeared in the Conduct of the Americans; but he sees with Concern this open Declaration of War with the People of England; they held before by Charter, which they may now change for a Tenure by Treaty; they can now remonstrate as chartered Subjects; they must then sue under the Right of Conquest.*

August 10. *Orders have been given for a further considerable Body of Troops to be held in Readiness for Embarkation to North-America.*

Aug. 11. *Some Accounts of a very alarming Nature are said to have been received by the Ministry concerning the Conduct of the Americans.*

It is privately whispered that within these few Days some very disagreeable Things have passed between our Ministers and the Dutch Ambassador, concerning some late Transactions in America, which have hitherto been concealed from the public Eye.

Several Transport Ships are contracted for on Government Account, to carry more Forces to America.

We hear it is under Consideration to raise a Regiment in the Province of Canada, to be called the Royal Canadians, which are to be officered chiefly by Natives of that Province.

Upon a very moderate Computation it appears, that 60,000 Men are slaughtered every Campaign while the War continues between the Turks and Russians.

Aug. 13. *An Express was sent off 3 Weeks ago to Canada to arm the Militia of that Country with all convenient Speed. The Reason of this Order may be easily guessed at—to have a Body of Forces in Readiness to assist the Operations of General Gage in reducing the Malecontents of the Provinces.*

A Correspondent says, that among all the caballing of the Rightteous of Boston, and elsewhere in the Massachusetts, &c. nothing appears in their Resolutions in regard to the Payment of the Tea they plundered and destroyed; hence he observes may be known, what an admirable Assembly of Knaves and Traitors have been lately grouped together on some late patriotic Occasions.

The same Correspondent adds, that the Patriots may make themselves easy in regard to the naked Polls on Temple Bar, which they have made such a Rout about lately—as in all Probability they will be soon decorated with some of the patriotic Noddles of the Boston Saints.

The People of America are unanimous in their Resolutions never to submit to Taxation; and Government is now strangely embarrassed how to withdraw, with any Degree of Credit, their Necks from those now impolitic Steel Traps.

Aug. 15. Letters in Town from Boston bring Accounts, that all Hopes of Accommodation with the Mother Country are over. If any Hopes had remained, General Gage would only have prorogued, and not dissolved their Assembly. The Consequences are evident; their Non-Importation Scheme will likely become general over all America; so that blocking up the Port of Boston instead of being a Punishment on the Americans, will in fact, annihilate our Export Trade to America, and fall heavy on the British Merchants and Manufacturers.

Aug. 16 *A Gentleman lately arrived from Quebec assures us, that when he was there the Protestants were obliged to exercise their Religion in secret for fear of the Resentment of the Roman Catholics. What then can we expect will be the Fate of the poor Protestants under the late famous Quebec Bill, which we are told, "is founded on the clearest Principles of Justice and Humanity?"*

It is reported that Governor HUTCHINSON will have a Pension for Life on the Irish Establishment.

Aug. 17. *A Correspondent recommends the Framers of the Quebec Bill, to bring in another Bill, for the Establishment of the Protestant Religion also in Canada, that his Majesty's Subjects of both Persuasions may be on a Level.*

August 18. Tuesday the Right Hon. the Earl of Bute arrived at his House in South-Audley-Street from his Seat at Luton-Hoo, in Bedfordshire.

The Right Hon. Lord Camden is greatly indisposed at his Seat at Camden Place, in Kent, and is attended by Dr. Batty and other Physicians.

If we quarrel with the Americans, says a Correspondent, Emigration will be a more melancholy Affair than it has yet been considered, as every Person lost to England will be one gained to the Colonists; and what will this, with the usual Increase, amount to in Half a Century?

The Warsaw Gazette, of July 27, gives the following Account of the Terms of the Peace concluded between Russia and the Porte on the 17th ult. Russia is to have 20,000,000 Loewen-dollars, as a Compensation for the Expence of the War; she is also to have free Navigation on the Black Sea, and the Independency of the Crimea is to be allowed. According to that Gazette, the Peace was signed between Prince Repnin and Reis Effendi. Thus at last an End is put to a War, in which it is thought not less than three or four hundred thousand Men have been carried off; and of which neither Side will have much to boast.—As the Turks give no Detail of their Military Transactions, and the Russians only such a one as is suited to the Meridian of their own People, and calculated for certain Purposes, no regular Account of their Losses is to be expected, until some future Manitein, among their foreign Officers, shall get free from the Shackles of Power, and give an Account of Things as they really were.

The Peace between the Turks and Russians will, of course, cause the Russian Fleet to return home; but as it will be too late in the Season for them to get to Cronstadt, it is to be hoped if their Ships are suffered to enter any of our Ports to winter, Care will be taken that no Infection may be communicated, as there have been many Reports that they have had infectious Diseases on board their Fleet in the Mediterranean.

'Tis certainly true, that the Settlements on the Continent of America have been made at the Expence of much Blood and Treasure to the Mother Country; and that, Parent-like, she has used every Means in her Power to promote the Trade of her American Children, though they have not (on many Occasions) made the most dutiful Returns. The Smuggling they have practised; and the insolent Behaviour they have made use of to the Officers sent thither, are very high insults to the Mother Country, and Forbearance so long the real Cause of the open and avowed ill Treatment of her at this Time. Had the Stamp Act been proceeded on, and carried into Execution, they would not have dared to have made Tea-pots of their Harbours, and given their sinny Inhabitants an East-India Decoction. We have only to blame our own Weakness; for, like an over-fond Parent, we have spoiled our Children, and now wonder why they are so rude, though we ourselves were the Cause of it.

The Powers of Europe behave complaisantly to each other for Fear of a War. The same Passions, says a Correspondent, govern the Man and the Child. We dread the Rod from a Consciousness of having deserved it.

We hear that a certain triple-crowned old Lady, who now rules a City, which formerly ruled the World, has wrote a Letter of Thanks to Somebody, for a late Act of Indulgence to her dear Children to the Westward of the Atlantic Ocean.

Yesterday some dispatches arrived at Lord Dartmouth's office with some dispatches from his Excellency Sir Basil Keith, governor of Jamaica.

Three men of war of the line are now under sailing orders, as a reinforcement to the squadron on the Mediterranean station, in consequence of some dispatches received from the Governor of Gibralter.

We are informed, that one House in this City only, remits over to Holland, half yearly, £2,000l. for the Interest of Money which the Dutch have in our Public Funds.

They write from Paris, that it was daily expected there to hear of the Disgrace of two very celebrated and popular Noblemen in that City in consequence of some secret Transactions which have been carried on since the late King's Death, and are just come to Light.

TO be Sold by the Subscriber, a FARM lying in the Heart of the Town of Rochester, in the County of Plymouth, containing about 100 Acres, with a large Dwelling House, Barn and Corn-House on the same, well fenced, a good Orchard, a good Well of Water, &c. exceeding for Tillage, and a large Proportion of Fresh Meadow and Pasture Ground, very convenient for a Trader or Tradesman. It is the Tenement the late Rev. Mr. Timothy Ruggles owned at his Decease. The Premises may be purchased very cheap for Cash or short Credit. TIMOTHY RUGGLES.

October 10, 1774.

To be Sold to the highest Bidder, by Virtue of an Order of the Superior Court;

A Part of the Real Estate of Caleb Dana, late of Cambridge, in the County of Middlesex, Esq; deceased, for the Payment of his Debts, and the Charges of Sale, viz.

Several Lots of Land lying in the Town of *Royalston*, in the County of *Worcester*, containing in the Whole, 1500 Acres. The Sale to be at the House of Mr. JACOB BASTY, Innholder, in said *Royalston*, on Thursday the 24th Day of November next, at Nine o'Clock in the Forenoon. GEO. DANA, Executor.

Ashburnham, October 13th, 1774.

WHEREAS I *Samuel Wilder*, having this day been called before a considerable and respectable body of Gentlemen, who this day met for to examine into my conduct; I hereby (for myself) acknowledge that my conduct in many respects with regard to public affairs, in this distress for liberty—has been very blameable—altho' I think the charge alledg'd against me in some circumstances goes beyond what I'm guilty of—Yet I acknowledge myself to blame in many respects, and do hereby ask the forgiveness of this body of Gentlemen, and hereby acknowledge the kind and generous conduct of these Gentlemen with me, and do hereby promise that I will for the future do all that lyes in my power to prevent all and every act of Parliament tending to deprive us of our natural Charter Rights. I do hereby promise that after the reading and acknowledging this Instrument I will not in any way make any sport or complaint of the treatment I have met with this day, and I further promise that I will pursue all laudable measures for obtaining and preserving our Charter Rights: And I pray Gentlemen that I may be restor'd into your favourable opinion and brotherly friendship.

SAMI. WILDER.

I willingly consent to have this publish'd. *Ashburnham, Sept.* 13, 1774.

N. B. The foregoing is (Verbatim) a true Copy of the Confessions of the above named Gentleman, who was put into Office by Mr. Hutchinson, the late Governor of this Province, and by the file and sense of said Confessions, we may judge of the Qualifications by him thought necessary to intitle him to a Commission.

Samuel Abbot

Informs his Customers and others, That he is now selling off his Goods (all which were imported before the 1st of *August* last) extreme cheap for cash, at his Store the head of *Green's* Wharf, nigh the Market.

He once more requests all Persons who are indebted to him, and to the late Co-partnership of *Samuel Abbot* and Company, to make immediate Payment.

LEE & JONES,

At their Store near the Swing-Bridge, have for Sale A general Assortment of Piece Goods suitable for the present Season,

A beautiful Variety of Brocades, figur'd & strip'd Lutestrings, Taffaties & Gorgoreens, black Armozeens and Paduasoys, flower'd Sattins of all Colours for Ladies Cloaths, a few best Ermine Muffs and Tippets.—Gold and Silver Laces, Silver Watches, Looking Glasses, Paper-Hangings, Corks, a few Cases of blue and white China Cups and Saucers, Liverpool and Glass Ware.

West-India RUM by the Hogshead,
Cornish's New-England FISH-HOOKS.
Also *Nails of all Sorts* to be deliver'd at *Marblehead*.

TO BE SOLD,
Ten or Twelve Thousand seasoned Pine BOARDS. Inquire of the Printers.

For LONDON.
THE Mast-Ship FOX, ZACHARIAH NORMAN, *Commander*, *having good Accommodations and Conveniences for a few genteel Passengers: Will sail from Portsmouth in New-Hampshire, about the 20th of this Month;—apply to Edward Parry, or Capt. Norman, at Portsmouth.* October 3. 1774.

TWO DOLLARS REWARD.

STRAYED or Stolen out of the Pasture of MARY TUFTS, in Medford, a large dark bay Horse, about 11 Years old, 15 Hands high, his Mane cut on the right side, a Star in his Forehead, White by his Nose, Trots and Paces, carries his Head low. Whoever will bring said Horse to me the Subscriber, shall have the above Reward, and all necessary Charges paid by

MARY TUFTS.

(2) Tax on Tea, see pa. 735, Vol. 1 Journ. pa. 9. Vol. 2. (3) See Page 517. (4) See in Index, under English Continental See the Bill, pa. 559. in See Index, under Hampshire Act, page 53, Vol. 1. (5) The Pope. (6) See List of Grievances, pa. 497.

‖ See Index, under Russia. ∨ See Agreement, pa. 519-536. † See pa. 499. & See Charter, pa. 1077. Vol. 2.
∧ See Index, under Troops. (1) See Index, under Resolves (2) See Tea destroyed pa. 415, 416, & Index, under Tea.

BOSTON, October 17.

On TUESDAY the 11th Instant, the PROVINCIAL CONGRESS met at *Concord*, when the Hon. JOHN HANCOCK, Esq; was chosen President, and BENJAMIN LINCOLN, Esq; Secretary.

FRIDAY last the following Message was presented to his Excellency the Governor, viz.

In Provincial Congress, Thursday, Octo. 13. 1774.

ORDERED, That Col. *Lee*, Hon. Col. *Ward*, Col. *Orne*, Capt. *Gardner*, *Henry Gardner*, Esq; Mr. *Devins*, Mr. *Gorham*, Capt. *Browne*, Col. *Pomeroy*, Hon. Col. *Prescot*, Col. *Thayer*, Mr. *Williams*, Capt. *Heath*, Capt *Upham*, Mr. *Barns*, Capt. *Doolittle*, Mr. *Lothrop*, Major *Thompson*, Mr. *Palmer*, Mr. *Pickering* and Capt. *Thompson*, be a Committee to wait on his Excellency with the following Message.

JOHN HANCOCK, *President*.

May it please your Excellency,

THE Delegates from the several Towns in the Province of the Massachusetts-Bay, having convened in General Congress, beg leave to address your Excellency: The distressed and miserable State of the Province, occasioned by the intolerable Grievances and Oppressions to which this People are subjected, and the Danger and Destruction to which they are exposed, of which your Excellency must be sensible, and the want of a General Assembly have rendered it indispensably necessary to collect the Wisdom of the Province by their Delegates in this Congress, to concert some adequate Remedy for preventing impending Ruin, and providing for the public Safety.

It is with the utmost Concern we see your hostile Preparations which have spread such an Alarm throughout this Province and the whole Continent, as threatens to involve us in all the Confusion and Horrors of a Civil War; and while we contemplate an Event so deeply to be regretted by every good Man, it must occasion the Surprize and Astonishment of all Mankind, that such Measures are pursued against a People whose Love of Order, Attachment to Britain, and Loyalty to their Prince, have ever been exemplary. (2) (3)

Your Excellency must be sensible that the sole End of Government is the Protection and Security of the People; whenever therefore that Power which was originally instituted to effect these important and valuable Purposes, is employed to harrass, distress or enslave the People, in this Case it becomes a Curse rather than a Blessing. The most painful Apprehensions are excited in our Minds by the Measures now pursuing, the vigorous Execution of the Port-Bill with improved Severity, must eventually reduce the Capital and its numerous Dependancies to a State of Poverty and Ruin: The Acts for altering the Charter and the Administration of Justice in the Colony, are manifestly designed to abridge this People of their Rights, and to licence Murders; and if carried into Execution, will reduce them to a State of Slavery: The Number of Troops in the Capital encreasing by daily Accessions drawn from the whole Continent, together with the formidable and hostile Preparations which you are now making on Boston Neck, in our Opinion greatly endanger the Lives, Liberties and Properties, not only of our Brethren in the Town of Boston, but of this Province in general. Permit us to ask your Excellency! Whether an inattentive and unconcerned Acquiescence to such alarming and menacing Measures, would not evidence a State of Insanity; or whether the delaying to take every possible Precaution for the Security of the Province, would not be the most criminal Neglect in a People heretofore rigidly and justly tenacious of their Constitutional Rights.

Penetrated with the most poignant Concern, and ardently solicitous to preserve Union and Harmony between Great-Britain and the Colonies, so indispensably necessary to the Well-being of both, we entreat your Excellency to remove that Brand of Contention, the Fortress at the Entrance of Boston. We are much concerned that you should have been induced to construct it, and thereby causelessly excite such a Spirit of Resentment and Indignation as now generally prevails. We assure you, Sir! that the good People of this Colony never have had the least Intention to do any Injury to his Majesty's Troops; but on the contrary most earnestly desire that every Obstacle to treating them as Fellow-Subjects may be immediately removed; and are constrained to tell your Excellency, that the Minds of the People will never be relieved till those hostile Works are demolished: And we request you, as you regard his Majesty's Honor and Interest, the Dignity and Happiness of the Empire and the Peace and Welfare of this Province, that you immediately desist from the Fortress now constructing at the South Entrance into the Town of Boston, and restore the Pass to its natural State. (7)

In Provincial Congress at Concord, *Oct.* 14. 1774.

RESOLVED, That the several Constables and Collectors of Taxes throughout the Province, who have or shall have any Monies in their Hands, collected on Province Assessments, be advised not to pay the same or any Part thereof to the Hon. *Harrison Gray*, Esq; but that such Constables and Collectors, as also such Constables and Collectors as have or shall have any County Monies in their Hands, take and observe such Orders and Directions touching the same, as shall be given them by the several Towns and Districts by whom they were chosen. And that the Sheriffs and Deputy Sheriffs of the several Counties in the Province, who have in their Hands any Province Monies, be also advised not to pay the same to the said *Harrison Gray*, Esq; but that they retain the same in their Hands respectively, until the further Advice of a Provincial Congress or Order from a constitutional Assembly of this Province. And that the present Assessors of the several Towns and Districts in the Province be advised to proceed to make Assessments of the Tax granted by the Great and General Court of the Province at their last *May* Session, and that such Assessments be duly paid by the Persons assessed, to such Person or Persons as shall be ordered by the said Towns and Districts respectively. And the Congress strongly recommend the Payment of the Tax accordingly. (15)

A true Extract from the Minutes,

BENJAMIN LINCOLN, Sec^r.

[There were above 260 Members present at the Provincial Congress when the foregoing Message passed, with only one Dissentient.]

The Provincial Congress adjourn'd from Concord on Friday last, to this Day, to meet at Cambridge.

Friday last the following ADDRESS from the County of Worcester, was presented to His Excellency the Governor, viz.

To his Excellency THOMAS GAGE, Esq; Governor of his Majesty's Province of the *Massachusetts-Bay*, and Commander in Chief of the King's Forces in *North-America*.

May it please your Excellency,

THE *People of the County of Worcester being earnestly sollicitous for the Peace and Welfare of the Province in general, cannot view the Measures now pursuing by your Excellency but with encreasing Jealousy, as they apprehend there has not, nor does at present exist, any just Occasion for the formidable hostile Preparations making on the Neck, leading to our distressed Capital.* (7)

It is a Matter of such Notoriety that your Excellency must be sensible, there was not the least Opposition made to obstruct the Introduction of the King's Troops at their first landing, nor have the People since that Time discovered any Intention to disturb them, till your Excellency was pleased to order the Seizure of the Powder in the Arsenal at Charlestown, in a private Manner which occasioned the Report that a Skirmish had happened between a Party of the King's Troops and the People at Cambridge, in which several of the latter fell, this caused the People to arm and march from divers Parts of the Country (9) but no sooner was that Report proved false, than they returned peaceably to their respective Homes.

The Inhabitants of the Province in general, and Town of Boston, have never given Cause for those cruel and arbitrary Acts, for blockading their Harbour and subverting the Charter by altering the Civil Government of the Province, which however, this People are determined by the Divine Favour, never to submit to, but with their Lives, notwithstanding they are aggrieved at the King's Displeasure against them, through the Instigation of traiterous and designing Men.

This County finds it difficult to comprehend the Motives for the present hostile Parade, unless it be in Consequence of some preconcerted Plan to subject the already greatly distressed Town of Boston to mean Compliances or Military Contributions. They are equally at a Loss to account for your Excellency's Conduct towards the County of Suffolk, as in your Answer to their Address, remonstrating against fortifying the only Avenue to the Town, which by that Means may in some future Time be improved to cut off the Communication between Town and Country, and thereby reduce the miserable Inhabitants to the greatest Straits. Your Excellency is pleased in Answer to observe that you had not made it easier to effect this, than what Nature has made it: if so, the Country cannot conceive, why this Expence and Damage of the Town to no Purpose? Your Excellency is likewise pleased to take Notice of the general good Behaviour of the Soldiers, but at the same Time pass over that Part, complaining of the Detention of private Property, and proceed to answer by Way of Query, to which you would not permit a Reply. This County are constrained to observe, they apprehend the People justifiable in providing for their own Defence, while they understood there was no passing the Neck without Examination, the Cannon at the North Battery spiked up, and many Places searched, where Arms and Ammunition were suspected to be; and if found, seized (12) not as the People have never acted offensively, nor discovered any disposition so to do, till as above related. The County apprehend this can never justify the seizure of private Property.

It is with great anxiety this County observes the wanton exercise of Power in the Officers of the Customs at Salem, and on board the King's Ships, respecting the Article of Fuel, destined for the Use of the Inhabitants of Boston, who are obliged to have it with the additional Charge of landing and reloading at Salem, before it can proceed; when your Excellency must be sensible the Act, which is the professed Rule of Conduct expressly excepts Fuel and Victuals which may be brought to Boston by taking on board one or more Officers at Salem (who at the aforesaid Charge) while that destined for the Troops proceeds direct, free from the same. There are many other Things which bear extremely hard on the Inhabitants, while they are prohibited from transporting the smallest Articles from one Part of the Town to another, water born, without Danger of a Seizure or to get Hay, Cattle, &c. from any of the Islands, notwithstanding there is no other way of Transportation. (5)

Your Excellency, we apprehend, must have been greatly misinformed of the Character of this People, to suppose such Severities tend either to a Submission to the Acts or Reconciliation with the Troops; and the County are sorry to find the Execution of the Acts attended with an higher hand than was intended, unless the Acts themselves should be thought too lenient.

Bringing into the Town a Number of Cannon from Castle-William, sending for a further Reinforcement of Troops, with other concurring Circumstances, strongly indicating some dangerous Design, has justly excited in the Minds of the People Apprehensions of the most alarming Nature, and the Authors must be held accountable for all the Blood and Carnage made in Consequence thereof. Therefore this County, in Duty to God, their Country, themselves and Posterity, do remonstrate to, and earnestly desire your Excellency, as you regard the Service of the King and the Peace and Welfare of the Province, to desist from any further hostile Preparations, and give the People Assurances thereof, by levelling the Intrenchments and dismantling the Fortifications, which will have a Tendency to satisfy their Doubts, and restore that Confidence so essential to their Quiet and his Majesty's Service.

By Order of the Convention of Committees for the County of WORCESTER.

His EXCELLENCY's Answer.

Gentlemen, (13)

I HAVE repeatedly given the strongest Assurances that I intended nothing hostile against the Town or Country, and therefore desire you to ease the Minds of the People against any Reports that may have been industriously spread amongst them to the contrary; my Wish is to preserve Peace and Tranquility.

With Respect to the Execution of the Port-Bill, it is a Matter belonging to other Departments; and if any Thing is done not warranted by said Act, the Law is open for Redress.

THO^s. GAGE.

The following Extract of a Letter from the Rev. Mr. Peters *of* Hebron, *in* Connecticut, *was read last Thursday in the Provincial Congress at* Concord.

Dear Mother, *Boston, Sept.* 28, 1774.

I AM yet well and doing Business for my intended Rout; I hear that a Mob was gathered for me the Day after I left Hebron, what they have done I cannot yet find out. As Jonathan will be obliged to attend at New-Haven when the Assembly sits, I desire him to let Mr. Jarvis, Andrews, Hubbard, &c. collect all Facts touching Mobs and Insults offered the Clergy of our Church or her Ministers, likewise to send me a Copy of the Clergy's Petition to Governor Trumbul, and what he said in Answer. If Jonathan is hurt or my House hurt or Damage done, let that be transmitted me within 14 Days, or after that send those Accounts to the Care of Mr. Rice Williams a Woolen Draper in London. I am in high spirits —I should be happy if my Friends and Relations at Hebron were provided for at these bad Times, when Things are growing worse. Six Regiments are coming over from England and sundry Men of War; so soon as they come, hanging-work will go on, and Destruction will attend first the Sea-Port Towns, the Lintel sprinkled on the side Post will preserve the faithful. I wish Hannah to take some Papers which she and I laid away and bring them to me, she knows where they be, or burn them if this Letter appears to be opened before it is opened by you. Mr. Bebee and Mr. Daniel Jones, Mr. Warner and Griffith of Millington, must draw up a Narrative of their Sufferings, and such Words as Col. Spencer &c. have spoke by way of Encouragement to Mobs, and let Dr. Bebee send the same to me, to the Care of Mr. Thomas Brown, Merchant in Boston.

[Further Accounts of said Letters in our next.]

(1) See Index, under Congress Provincial. (2) See List of Grievances, pa. 571. (3) See pa. 571. & 577. (4) See pa. 571, 577. (5) See Act, pa. 499. & see Act pa. 532. & see Act pa. 509. (6) vid. Index, under Troops. (7) See Page 571, & 577. (8) See pa. 563. (9) See the Country rising, pa. 592, & 593. (10) See Charter, pa. 1077, Vol. 2. (11) See Page 577. & see pa. 578. (12) See Index, under Gage's Answer. (13) See Index, under Men of War. (14) See Gages answer, pa. 598. (15) See Grays advertisement, pa. 609. (9) See the Country rising, pa. 563, 564, 571, 578, 592, 593, 610.

GRENADA, August 24.

Yesterday came on before Alexander Maddison, Esq; Judge Surrogate of the Court of Vice-Admiralty, the examination of Henry Lenard, Charles Ingersol and Thomas Sawyer, concerning an act of piracy committed on board the sloop Hannah, belonging to Mr. Oliver Bowen, of Savannah in Georgia, merchant.

It appeared by the examinations, that on the first day of June last, the said sloop sailed from Cape Anne for Demarara, with a cargo of lumber, under the command of Captain William Barber, having on board Samuel Hendley, Son of Mr. Henry Hendley living at Wheeler's Point, in Boston, as Mate, the said Henry Lenard, Charles Ingersol, and Thomas Sawyer as mariners, and Samuel Brown as Cook.

That on the 23d of the said month of June, about 4 o'clock in the afternoon, in latitude 29, as the Mate was upon the stern, striking at a dolphin Brown threw him overboard, and upon the Captain's hearing the cry of murder, he came upon deck, and finding the mate overboard threw out a plank for his assistance, and in doing so was thrown overboard also by the said Brown.

That Lenard attempted to put the helm down and put out the boat for the assistance of the Captain and mate, but was prevented from doing either by Brown and Sawyer, who brought up a case bottle of rum, drank to each other, and seemed well pleased with what they had done, and notwithstanding the cries and intreaties of the Captain and Mate, would not put about the vessel, or give them any assistance.

Some days after this, they filled up new articles, for the vessel, Brown assuming the name of the owner, Sawyer that of the Captain, and Ingersoll that of the Mate, and proceeded on their voyage to this island, where they passed by those names untill this horrid affair was discovered, and we are informed, that what gave rise to the discovery was comparing the signing of the receipt for the sloop and cargo, which had been sold to Bartlet, Campbell and Bartlet, with the signing of the register.

PHILADELPHIA, October 5.

Although we may have Blankets enough to keep us warm for this winter, yet, in all probability, we may want next, if a Non-Importation should take place, and we be drained of what few there is in this place; therefore, the venders of BLANKETS are desired to be cautious to whom they sell, as the order for that article is renewed to a Gentleman in this city, from General Gage, for the use of his Soldiery, who are at the siege of Boston.

We are informed from good authority that the King sent a message to the Bishop of London the day after he refused to vote for the Popish Quebec bill, discharging him from all future services as the Privy-Council.

NEW-YORK October 13.

This Morning Maj. Gen. Haldiman and will embark on board the Countess of Darlington transport, attended by Major of Brigade Moncrieffe, Capt. Gamble, Assistant Quarter-master-General, Capt. Brehm, Aid du Camp, and Capt. Hutchinson; with General Haldiman will also embark Col. Prescott of the Royal Fuzileers, a company of Royal Artillery, with a large Quantity of Ordnance Stores for Castle William. The companies of the Royal Regiment of Ireland, under the command of Capt. Shee, and the 47th Regiment commanded by Maj. Cairncross, were embarked on board the Empress of Russia, and other Transports for the Port of Boston.

The following is the Order in which his Majesty's Troops are to be quartered at Boston, provided the intended barracks should not be compleated before the Winter sets in:

The King's own Reg. At the Still-House, New Boston.
The 5th Regiment. From Liberty Tree to the Neck.
The Royal Welsh, and 38th Regiment. Near Fort-Hill.
The 43d Regiment. Near the Market.
The 64th Regiment. To remain at the Castle.
The Royals of Ireland, the 10th, 47th, and 52d Regiments, are on their Arrival to be Quartered in Town.

We hear that 5000 French Regulars have been lately landed at the Island of Hispaniola from Old France.

Nothing has since our last, transpired from the General Congress at Philadelphia. Mr. Paul Revere, who passed through this City about nine days ago express from Boston to the Delegates, waits for the result of their determinations upon the important business which occasioned his Journey.

The vessel in which Dr. Benjamin Franklin had taken his passage for Philadelphia, is arrived at that place with letters intimating, that when he was on the point of departure, the Earl of Chatham sent for him, and after a long conference convinced him of the necessity of his deferring his embarkation until after the next session of parliament, in which that Nobleman, aided with his intelligence of the proceedings of the Colonies intends to make the most vigorous efforts in favour of this country.

BOSTON, October 17.

UPWARDS of five Months have expired since this devoted Town has experienced all the horrors of the Port-Bill; and as if these were not sufficient to satiate the malice of our enemies, Severities which that Act, vengeful as it is, did not know of, have been grafted upon it. Many instances might be mentioned, suffice it to say, that a Scow with boards and old iron has been seized in a Mill Pond, and libelled in an Admiralty Court; a Boat owned by one Stewart, with sand for our floors, has been taken in the harbour and the sand thrown into the sea without the form of a trial; as was a Lighter load of Hay coming up from Braintree: the produce of Islands near the Town have not been suffer'd to be taken off; and a Float carrying Sheep to feed on one of those Islands, has been obliged to carry them back again: Bread, Meal, and other Provisions were not suffered to pass a little ferry to Charlestown, and their Ferry-Boats have been taken and detained for daring to attempt a passage after 9 o'clock at night; Our numerous Poor are suffering by the Rise of Wood, Butter, Cheese, and other Provisions, not permitted to be brought up as usual from the little Rivers and Bays in our Harbour, and when our Tyrants have been expostulated with for these illegal Proceedings, they have insultingly reply'd, that, agreeable to the Acts of Parliament, it was to distress us: and this their Intention has been so effectually accomplished, that it may be affirmed, without exaggeration, the loss this Town has sustained within only one Month of our Blockade, exceeds the whole Amount of those generous Donations received from our sympathizing Friends thro' the Continent. Added to all this, our Town is surrounded with Ships of War, and it is said the Fleet at Newfoundland are to winter in this harbour. Formidable Fortifications are erected, and others erecting at the only Avenue to the Town. Chevaux de Frise already provided to stop up the Entrance at pleasure: Four Regiments encamped upon the Common, with a large Train of Artillery and Matrosses; one Regiment on Fort-Hill, one on the new Fortifications on the Neck, and another Regiment at Castle-William; three Companies just arrived in the Rose Man of War from Newfoundland, Transports dispatched some time past to New York for two Regiments from thence and the Jerseys, and to Quebec for two Regiments from that Quarter; Military Stores and Implements of all kinds are collecting in this Town, which has now the Appearance of a Garrison. Reports are propagated here, and the English Papers announce that six more Regiments are coming from Europe. What may be the Intention of all this, and what ought to be the Conduct of this and the other Provinces upon so alarming an occasion, we shall not pretend to say. This Capital is a Spectacle to them and to the whole World, a striking Example of what is to be expected from the uncontrolable Power claimed by a British Parliament over these Colonies that have not a single Representative in it; but under all these sufferings and terrors Boston has not as yet renounced the great and common cause for which it suffers.

At a Legal Town Meeting held at Portsmouth on Monday last, it was voted that £. 500 be paid by the Select Men to the Committee in Boston, for the Use of the suffering People in this Town.

Extract of a Letter from a Merchant in England, to his Friend in this Town.

"With pleasure I observe your accounts of the purposes and hopes of your town, and heartily wish all the sister colonies may join therein, as the most effectual as well as easiest and peaceable manner of bringing administration to a sense of their ill proceedings.

"Alarming as your treatment is, which gives great displeasure to all true friends of liberty, the late bill for the government of Quebec is more so, as there is no room left to wonder if in the next sessions of Parliament an attempt is made to introduce the same laws and religion throughout the British Empire, and there is but little doubt of our right reverend Lord Bishops concurrence, as not one of 'em oppos'd the late extraordinary steps; but there is one above them, who I hope will frustrate all the evil purposes that may be plotted against his church and people, wishing you a speedy restoration to liberty, as well as myself and friends every where; I remain, &c."

Extract of another Letter from a Merchant in the West of England, to his Friend in this Town.

"I think every honest Briton must applaud the noble stand making on your side the atlantic for liberty, and with unity and stability amongst all the colonies, as a necessary pre-requisite to the expectance of success."

Extract of another Letter from a principal Manufacturer in London, to his Friend in this Town.

"I want to know if any friend hath sign'd the Covenant lately started at Boston: We are all alarm'd here, some for fear they shall have no more trade to America, and others for fear the Americans will give way, and at length submit and become so fetter'd and shackled as never more to get freed.—Some think as your Gov. hath issued out his proclamation against signing the Covenant, so he or others will issue out a proclamation against having a Congress, & no such meeting will ever be had.—Some think the Quebec bill will alarm the Americans more generally than shuting up the Boston port; we are anxious for the arrival of every ship, and disappointed when it comes, because we don't hear more. I am no politician but a lover of liberty, civil and religious, and warm in sentiment for the Americans to preserve their valuable rights and privileges, but whether this can be done, or which way it's not in my power to 'tell: If you could be unanimous throughout the whole provinces, as one man, you might do any thing; but unless this is the case, I fear your resolves &c. will fail.

Last Thursday Morning departed this Life, greatly lamented, WILLIAM WHITE, Esq; Aged 58, who was one of the Overseers of the Poor of this Town for several Years. His Remains will be interr'd this Afternoon at 4 o'Clock at which Time his Friends and Acquaintance are desir'd to attend.

Died last Saturday Morning of an Apoplexy, Mrs. *Hannah Colman*, Relict of the late *Benjamin Colman*, Merchant. Her Funeral is to be To-Morrow Afternoon at 4 o'Clock, from the North-End, where her Friends and Relations are desired to attend.

Died. Mr. Robert Balls, a noted Pilot, and Keeper of Boston Light-House.

M. William Greenleaf, Hatter, upwards of 80.

Whereas a Report has been spread in the Town of Boston, and other places, That a considerable Number of People in this Town, had enter'd into a Combination to disturb and barrass the Rev. Mr. Wanslow, and others, Members of the Church of England, with a view to oblige them to leave the Town; and no Evidence appearing to Support the Charge. Therefore unanimously Voted, That said Report is Malicious, False and Injurious, and calculated to defame this Town; and that we protest against all such Combinations as subversive of good Government, We being as ready to allow the same Right of private Judgment to others which we claim for ourselves.

A true Copy from the Town Records,
Attest. ELISHA NILES, *Town-Clerk.*

Braintree, October 6, 1774

LOST this Morning about Eight o'Clock, between the Stores of Enoch Brown on the Neck, and Mr. Daniel Brown's of Roxbury, a dark blue and white Handkerchief, with Four Pounds Lawful Money in Silver mostly Change, tied in one Corner. Any Person that finds said Handkerchief, are desired to convey it to either of the said Stores, and they shall be generously Rewarded.

Saturday, October 15, 1774.

STEARN's Almanack for 1775, will be Published To-Morrow, and Sold by *Edes & Gill* and *T. & J. Fleet*.

To be Sold by T. and J. FLEET, in Cornhill, [*Price, only Five Coppers.*]

An Address to Protestant Dissenters of all Denominations, on the approaching Election of Members of Parliament, with respect to the State of PUBLIC LIBERTY in general, and of AMERICAN AFFAIRS in particular.——

[*This excellent Pamphlet was received by the last Vessel from London, and is well worthy the Perusal of every North-American, & Friend of the British Constitution.*]

Cyrus Baldwin,

HEREBY informs his Customers and others, that he has to Sell at his Shop in Cornhill, near the Town-House in BOSTON,

A general Assortment of English, India and Scotch Goods, imported before the 31st of last August, which he is determined to Sell at the usual Allowance he Sold at before the Northern Blockade, consisting of Superfine, Middling and Low priz'd Broad Cloths, Kerseys, Serges, Beaver Coatings, Scotch Carpets and Carpetting, Plaids, Hair Plushes and Cotton Velvets, Muffs and Tippets, very neat Silk ditto, Choice Firkin Butter, Indigo and Snuff, with too many other Articles to be here enumerated.

He earnestly requests all those who are Indebted to him to make speedy Payment.

N. B. Said Baldwin *is neither Addresser, Protester, nor Roman Catholick.*

For LONDON,

THE Ship *Julius Cæsar*, (CHARLES FEA, Commander,) being a prime Sailer, and having excellent Accommodations for Passengers; will certainly Sail on or before the first of November next, having one Half of her Cargo engaged.—For Freight or Passage, apply to the Master on Board said Ship, lying at the Long-Wharf in Salem, or to Messieurs SMITH and ATKINSON, at their Store in King-Street. Oct. 6, 1774.

To be Sold for Cash only,

A small Quantity of good dry MEHOGANY, BOARDS and PLANK, fit for immediate Use. Enquire of Edes & Gill.

TO BE LETT,

A convenient Dwelling-House in Hanover-Street, opposite Mr. Benja. Andrew's; Three Rooms upon a Floor, Wood House and Barn, a good Pump and Rain Water Cistern.——Inquire of William Fowle, living in said House; Where may be had a few Firkins of Choice Nova-Scotia Butter and a small Quantity of Spring Beaver.

WANTED, a good HORSE, that will go well in a Chaise, and Trots light in a Saddle. Inquire of the Printers, or of Thomas Hudson.

All Persons having any Demand on the Estate of Mr. *John Soren*, late of Boston, Baker, deceas'd, are desir'd to bring in their Accounts; and all Persons indebted to said Estate, are desired to make Payment to *Ann Soren*, Administratrix.

WANTED,

To improve for a Business of public Utility, a large convenient Room in the South Part of the Town.——Fu ther particulars may be known by Inquiring of the Printers.

New AUCTION-ROOM, Cornhill

TO MORROW MORNING, at TEN o'Clock, Will be sold by PUBLIC VENDUE, At GREENLEAF's Auction Room,

A Variety of English GOODS,—amongst which are Duffils, Bath Coatings, Broad Cloths, Forrest Cloths, Kerseys, Plains, Shalloons, Calimancoes, Tammys, &c. Sale begins 10 o'Clock. *Wm. Greenleaf*, Auct'r.

At GOULD's Auction-Office in Back-Street, On FRIDAY next, at 10 o'Clock in the Morning, Will be Sold by PUBLIC VENDUE,

A general Assortment of English and Hard Ware Goods. R. GOULD, Auctioneer.

A great Variety of English and Scotch GOODS, are now selling off by Wholesale and Retail, (at an uncommon low Rate,)

At *BICKER*'s Auction-Room, near the Market,

A grand assortment of Cambleteens and Cotton and Linnen Checks.

On FRIDAY next, At TEN in the Morning, Will be Sold by PUBLIC VENDUE, At HUNTER's Auction-Room,

(Lately improved as a Store by Mr. Thomas Walley) A large Assortment of ENGLISH GOODS taken by Execution.——The Particulars in the next Thursday's Papers. WM. HUNTER, Auctioneer.

Burials in the Town of BOSTON, since our last.
Fifteen Whites. NO Black.
Baptiz'd in the several Churches, Eight.

High Water at BOSTON, *for the present Week.*

Monday, 35 min. aft. 9 — Friday, 59 min. after. 12
Tuesday, 22 min. aft. 10 — Saturday, 46 min. aft. 1
Wednesday, 10 m. aft. 11 — Lord's Day 33 m. aft. 2
Thursday, 8 min. aft. 12 — Full ● 19 Day 9 Morn.

(*Advertisements omitted, will be in our next.*)

* See Index, under Congress Continental. ~~~ See Index, under Troops. ¥ See the Bill, pa. 559.
† See the Bill, pa. 499. (1) ved Index, under Admiralty, vice Court of. (2) See in Index, under donations.
(3) See Index, under Men of War. (4) pa. 571—577—595.

William Blair Townsend,

At the Three Doves,
In Marlborough-Street, Boston;

Hereby advertizes his Customers and others, That he is now selling off his Shop Goods for *Cash*, by Wholesale and Retail, at the low Rate of Eleven for One, on the true Sterling Cost; (being as low as they can be imported) consisting chiefly of Woollens, and well suited for the approaching Winter Season; *and which they may depend were imported, before the oppressive acts on this Town and Province were laid*; and may therefore be safely transported *by Land*, and Sold in any Town of said Province, without any Breach on the solemn League and Covenant our worthy Friends in the Country have justly entered into, in Defence of themselves and their Posterity.

N. B. Those that incline to purchase, are desired to apply speedily; as said TOWNSEND is determined to remove into a clear Air in the Country, *very soon*.

TAKEN up by me the Subscriber, on the 25th ult. a Sorrel Horse. The Owner may have him again, proving his Property and paying the Charges, by applying to Seth Clark, of Medfield.

Stop Thief!

WHEREAS the Shop of the Subscriber was last Night broke open, and robbed of Twelve Beaver and Six Bravenett HATTS.—This is to premise a Reward of TEN DOLLARS, to any Person who shall discover the Thief or Thieves, so that he or they may be convicted thereof, and the HATTS recovered, and in Proportion for any Part of them.

JAMES CODNER.

Boston, Tuesday Morning, October 4, 1774.

TO BE SOLD

10,000 Acres of very fine Land, in the Island of St. JOHN's, being half of one of the best Townships in it, About 500 Acres of which are clear'd and mostly arable Land. 'Tis situated on a Navigable River, 25 Miles above Charlotte Town, the Seat of Government, with which it has Communication both by River and a good Cart Road. There are some Families from Nantucket settled upon it. The Township adjoining are well settled, and the Island in general in a Prosperous way. Captain *Holland*, who survey'd the Island, reports this Township to the Board of Trade, by whose Order he survey'd it, in the following Words, viz. "*Clear'd Lands 1000 Acres, Houses 30, pretty well situ-*"*ated for Fishing and Tillage, or Pasture, inferior to none*"*upon the Island; there is also Plenty of Game and Fish.*"

Also, to be sold by the same Person, 10,000 Acres of choice good Land on the River St. John's in the Bay of Fundy, all settled agreeable to the Terms required by Government, which secures it forever from Forfeiture. For further Particulars enquire of *Mr. Warden*, Merchant, at his Store on Green's Wharf, or of the Printers hereof.

This is to Notify the Proprietors of Pearsontown, in the County of Cumberland, that at a legal Meeting of said Proprietors, held at Falmouth in said County, on the 31st Day of March last, a tax of fifteen shillings was assess'd on each right for the support of the Minister and other necessary charges, for bringing forward the settlement of said township, and to pay said tax or assessment (as well as former arrearages of taxes due on their several rights heretofore granted by said proprietors, and legally advertiz'd) to Ephraim Jones of said Falmouth, treasurer of said proprietors, or to the subscribers the proprietors committee, on or before the 9th day of January next, otherwise their several lots and rights there, will be sold at Public Vendue at the House of Mr. Moses Shattuck, Innholder, in said Falmouth, on the said 9th day of January next for the payment of said taxes as the Law directs: The said sale to begin at ten of the clock in the forenoon.

Enoch Freeman, Moses Pearson, Ste. Longfellow } Propriet's Com'tee.

Falmouth, Sept. 6, 1774.

STOLEN out of a Pasture at Roxbury on Thursday Night the 6th Instant, a brown Mare about 14 Hands high, she has a Star in her Forehead, one of her Fetter-Lock Joints of her hind Feet white, her Main hangs on the near Side, and a Feather on the other Side of her Neck, she is uncommonly square built and Trots strong and bold, she has a lofty Carriage and carries a high Tail. Whoever apprehends the Thief so that he may be brought to Justice, and returns the Mare to Mr. Joseph Morton at Boston, at the sign of the white Horse, South-End, shall have THIRTY DOLLARS Reward, and if the Mare alone Fifteen Dollars, and all necessary Charges paid. by me the Subscriber,

Boston, Oct. 10, 1774. JOSEPH MORTON.

Colony of RHODE-ISLAND, *&c.*

WHEREAS John Wiley of Providence, in the County of Providence, in the Colony aforesaid, Merchant, preferred a Petition unto the General Assembly of the said Colony, representing that he is an insolvent Debtor, and praying that he may be admitted to the Benefit of an Act passed in June A. D. 1756, entitled, "An Act for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors." Whereupon the General Assembly referred the said Petition, and ordered that the Creditors of the said John Wiley should be notified by an Advertisement to be inserted in the Newport Mercury, the Providence Gazette, and in one of the Boston News-Papers, to appear at the next Session to answer the same:—I do therefore hereby notify the Creditors of the said John Wiley to appear (if they shall think fit) at the General Assembly to be holden at Providence, in and for the said Colony, on the last Wednesday in October next, then and there to shew Cause, (if any they have) why the said Petition should not be granted. HENRY WARD, Secr'y.

Nathan Frazier

BEGS leave to inform the Public, that in consequence of the Boston Port-Bill, and with a view of accommodating those of his Customers to whom it may be most convenient to have their Supplies conveyed by Water, he has opened a Store in Salem, (the one lately Improved by Mr. John Johnson, and next Door to Mr. John Gool's) where he has for Sale an Assortment of Goods suitable for the Season.——Said FRAZIER still continues his Business at his Store in *Boston* as usual: His Customers may be supplied at either of said Stores, Wholesale and Retail, on the most reasonable Terms for ready Money.—He will give his Personal Attendance, for the present at his *Salem* Store.

NEWHALL and HICHBORN,

BEG leave to acquaint their Customers and others, in this and the neighbouring Parts, that they Propose carrying on the Cooper's Business in all its Branches, at Salem; and have opened a Shop for that Purpose, near the Distill-House of Mr. JONATHAN ROPES, in Salem.

N. B. As they also carry on the same business in Boston as usual, one of them may always be found in each Place.

JOSIAH QUINCY, Jun'r.

Having resigned his Business into the Hands of Mr. PEREZ MORTON, and embarked for London, desires all his Clients who want to know the State of their Affairs, to call on said Morton for Information:—All Persons who are indebted to said Quincy, *on Account*, are desired to make Payment to said Morton, and any who may have Damands on said Quincy, are requested to apply to the same Gentleman for their Discharge.—Those Persons who owe the said Quincy, on Bond or Note, are hereby notified to make their Payments to WILLIAM PHILLIPS, Esq; Attorney to JOSIAH QUINCY, jun.

Caleb Blanchard

in Union-Street,

Has on Hand, a large Assortment of Goods suitable for the Season, which he will sell at the very lowest Rates for ready Money.

Just Imported, by

Geyer and Burgess,

in the Ship London, Capt. Calef, from London,

A general Assortment of English and India Piece Goods, which they will sell on the most reasonable Terms by Wholesale only, at their Store in King-Street, Boston.

They would also acquaint their Customers and others, who carry their Goods by Water, that they have taken a Store at Salem, near the Town-House, where they may be supply'd with equal Variety, and on the same Terms as at Boston.

TO BE SOLD Cheap

At *Benjamin Goldthwait's* Shop,

just above Concert-Hall, Boston.

Superfine Scarlet and white Broad-Cloths, superfine Garnett ditto, white & Buff Cassimeers, figur'd Velvets, Corduroy of all colours, silk and worsted Breeches Patterns of all colours, &c. &c.

The Taylor's Business as usual, is carried on in the best Manner at said Shop.

☞At his Cellar near said Shop is to be sold choice ORANGE JUICE, by the Cask or smaller Quantity.

An Evening School

Will be opened on Monday next, by JOHN DRUITT, at his School in Hanover Street, near Concert-Hall, where Reading, Writing, and Arithmetic will be taught after the most approved Method—NAVIGATION and BOOK-KEEPING on moderate Terms; in Compliance with the Times no Entrance will be requir'd.——His Hours of Attendance will be from 6 till 9 o'Clock, (P. M.)

☞ To the LADIES,

He begs Leave to acquaint those who wou'dn't choose to attend a School, or that the Inclemency of the approaching Season might hinder, that he will wait on them at their Places of Abode, at any Hour from 8 to 11 in the Forenoon, or from 2 'till 4 in the Afternoon.

Mrs. DRUITT has lower'd her Terms for plain Sewing to *Eight Pence* Law. Money per Week, (her other Works as usual) and hopes to convince those who are pleas'd to try, that there is as much to be learn'd in Winter as in Summer.

ALL Persons having any Demand on the Estate of Mr. *John Ruggles*, late of Boston, Housewright, deceas'd, are desired to bring in their Accounts—And all Persons indebted to said Estate are desired to make payment to *Hannah Ruggles*, Administratrix, or to *Samuel Ruggles*, jun'r. her Attorney.

Providence STAGE COACH,

Kept by ANDREW COMSTOCK & SAMUEL BARTER.

WHO beg Leave to inform the Public, That they have removed from the White Horse Tavern to Mr. Jolley Allen's, a few Doors South of the Governor's, in Marlborough Street; where the greatest Care will be taken of all Bundles, Letters, &c. with which they may be entrusted:—They keep several Sets of the best Horses on purpose for this Business, and will engage to carry Passengers with the greatest Expedition, at the cheapest Rate.

William Bant

BEGS Leave to inform his Friend, Customers and others, That he has to sell by Wholesale and Retail at his Store fronting Dock-Square, Boston——A general Assortment of *English* and *India*

GOODS,

Suitable for the approaching Season: *(the whole of which was imported before the 31st of August last.)* Among his GOODS is a prime Choice of superfine Scarlet, Pompadore, white, green, pea green, sea green, barry, black, blue, brown and cloth colour'd BROAD CLOTHS; mid'ling and low priz'd Ditto, with Shalloons and Trimmings to match the Cloths: ALSO of SILKS, viz.—Paduasoys, Ducapes, Mantuas, Lutestrings, English and India Damasks, *a Piece of fine white Lutestring*, single and double Sattins, black, white and crimson figur'd Sattin, black, blue, green and white half yard Persians, ell-wide Persians, half-ell and ell-wide Alamodes, Brotloe, black, blue and crimson thick Corduroys for Men's Waistcoats; and a Variety of other Articles that are commonly in Use at this Season of the Year.

☞ The above mentioned GOODS will be disposed of at the very lowest Rates, as said Bant is extremely desirous of exchanging all or any of them, for an Article, which is more convenient for him, in these troublesome Times, viz. CASH.

EIGHT DOLLARS REWARD.

STOLEN out of the Tan House of the Subscriber, on Friday Evening last, a Quantity of SOLE LEATHER.

Whoever will secure the Thief or Thieves, so that he or they shall be confined in any of his Majesty's Goals, shall be paid the above Reward by me

Charlestown, Oct. 3d. JAMES TRUMBALL.

FOUR DOLLARS REWARD.

RAN-AWAY from the Subscriber on the 22d of September, at Night, a Negro Man Servant, by the Name of CATO, about Five Feet and Eight Inches high, very thick Lips, speaks broken, and Walks as if he was lame in his Heels. Had on when he went away, a Cloth colour'd Coat, with Pewter Buttons, old Leather Breeches, a Tow Shirt, old Shoes with Silver plate Buckles, wore a Cap, and shoves round his Neck, and very high on his Forehead: Carried away with him a Callico Banyan, fine Linen Shirt, Check Linen Trowsers, grey Wigg, also carries or Wears a Felt Hatt with a Silver Lace on it, had a Violin and carries it in a green Bays Bag. Whosoever will return the Runaway to his Master in Winchenden, shall have the above Reward and all necessary Charges paid by LEVI NICHOL.

Winchenden, Sept. 23d, 1774.

STOP THIEF!

ABSCONDED from the Subscriber on the 3d Day of August last, a Negro Man, called TOM, had on a Pair of black Plush Breeches, a light colour'd ragged Jacket, Lame in both his Feet: Said Negro return'd the last Night broke open his Master's Stable, Stole from thence a valuable Chestnut-colour'd Horse, with a small white Spot on his Forehead, Paces and Trots light, and took a Saddle (with a white Housen) and Bridle; he has with him a counterfeit Pass.

Whoever will take up said Thief and Horse, shall have FOUR DOLLARS, and all necessary Charges paid, by SIMEON POLLEY.

Boston, Sept. 28, 1774.

COLONY OF RHODE-ISLAND.

WHEREAS ELEAZER TREVETT, jun'r. of Newport, in the County of Newport, Mariner, preferred a Petition unto the General Assembly, representing that he is an Insolvent Debtor, and praying that he may be admitted to the Benefit of an Act passed in June, A. D. 1756, entitled "An Act for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors," Whereupon the General Assembly referred the said Petition to the next Sessions and Ordered that in the mean Time his Creditors should be Notified by an Advertisement to be inserted in the Newport Mercury, the Providence Gazette, and in one of the Boston News Papers, to appear then and answer the same: I do therefore hereby Notify the Creditors of the said ELEAZER TREVETT, jun'r. to appear if they shall think fit at the General Assembly to be holden at Providence, in and for the said Colony, on the last Wednesday in October next, then and there to shew Cause if any they have, why the said Petition should not be granted.

HENRY WARD, Secr'y.

STOLEN out of a Pasture in Charlestown, about Four Miles from the Ferry, on Monday Night last, a light Red Mare, Four Years old, with a white Spot on her Nose, her Fore Mane long, her other Mane hanging the off Side, her Feet lighter Colour than her Body, Fourteen Hands and half high. Whoever shall take up said Mare, and return her to the Owner, shall have FOUR DOLLARS Reward, or TEN DOLLARS for the Thief and Horse, and all necessary Charges paid, by

Charlestown, Sept. 27, 1774. STEPHEN GODDARD.

N. B. The following Bill, supposed to be drop'd by the Thief, was taken up in the Pasture from whence the Mare was stolen, viz. Breakfast, 3l. 6. Punch, 1l. Porter, 2s. 3. Wine, 15s. 6. Dinner, 4l. Horses 1l. 6d. Total, £2. 7l. 9s.

Caleb Call, of *Charlestown*, Baker,

ACQUAINTS his Friends and Customers, that he will supply them with his White Bisket, at the usual Price, either at *Salem* or *Marblehead*, upon their Writing to him, or applying to Messrs. *Hooper* and *Whittemore*, Coopers, on *Blany's Wharf* in *Salem*.

Boston: Printed, by EDES & GILL, *in Queen-Street*, 1774.